

PINE RIVER INSTITUTE
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
MARCH 31, 2023

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Pine River Institute

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Pine River Institute (the "Organization"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2023, and the statement of operations, statement of changes in net assets and statement of cash flows for the year then ended and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Organization as at March 31, 2023, and its results of operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Organization in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Organization's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Organization to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Crowe Soberman LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants
Licensed Public Accountants

Toronto, Canada
June 29, 2023

PINE RIVER INSTITUTE
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
At March 31

2023 **2022**

ASSETS

Current

Cash	\$ 223,481	\$ 955,931
Accounts receivable <i>(Note 9)</i>	486,768	126,720
Sales tax rebate recoverable	112,351	97,401
Prepaid expenses and sundry	100,238	99,214

922,838 1,279,266

Capital assets *(Note 3)*

941,699 705,380

\$ 1,864,537 \$ 1,984,646

LIABILITIES

Current

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities <i>(Note 9)</i>	\$ 895,412	\$ 1,240,431
Government remittances payable	184,237	135,008
Student deposits	59,479	75,419
Deferred contributions <i>(Note 5)</i>	221,617	-

1,360,745 1,450,858

Bank loan *(Note 4)*

- 30,000

1,360,745 1,480,858

Commitments *(Note 8)*

NET ASSETS

Net assets - unrestricted **503,792** **503,788**

\$ 1,864,537 \$ 1,984,646

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

On behalf of the Board

Director

Director

PINE RIVER INSTITUTE
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS
Year ended March 31

2023 2022

Net assets, beginning of year	\$ 503,788	\$ 503,786
Excess of revenue over expenditures	4	2
Net assets, end of year	\$ 503,792	\$ 503,788

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

**PINE RIVER INSTITUTE
STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS**

Year ended March 31

2023

2022

Revenue

Government grants <i>(Note 6)</i>	\$ 8,614,707	\$ 6,439,380
Monthly service and private pay fees	883,630	1,612,535
Other grants and other income <i>(Notes 6 and 9)</i>	457,918	703,458
	9,956,255	8,755,373

Expenditures

Salaries and benefits	6,252,754	5,024,534
Donation to Pine River Foundation <i>(Note 9)</i>	727,050	1,394,940
Contract services	507,883	445,193
Operations Wilderness (OLE), Lang House and Shelburne Programs	430,848	285,370
Kitchen expenses	394,290	281,157
Maintenance	269,933	328,635
Rent <i>(Note 9)</i>	248,800	193,991
Professional fees	141,180	44,523
IT services and supplies	115,468	132,263
Utilities	112,937	103,399
Office and general	104,947	56,209
Travel and automobile	90,101	34,758
Communications and development	86,510	86,041
Telephone	70,921	41,674
Insurance	66,975	44,807
Recruiting	60,658	27,854
Staff training	49,580	37,948
Bank charges	21,697	10,012
Research expenses	13,621	52,508
Property taxes	7,404	898
Amortization	182,694	128,657
	9,956,251	8,755,371

Excess of revenue over expenditures

\$ 4 \$ 2

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

PINE RIVER INSTITUTE
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
MARCH 31, 2023

1. Purpose of the organization and income tax status

Pine River Institute's (the "Organization") objective is to bring an innovative, life-saving treatment facility to youth and their families in Canada. The Organization was incorporated under the Canada Corporations Act by means of Letters Patent on October 22, 2001 and transitioned to the Canada Not-for-Profit Corporation Act effective October 15, 2012. The Organization operates a live-in school and treatment centre for youth with addictive behaviour.

The Organization is a registered charity under the Income Tax Act and is exempt from income tax under Section 149(1)(1) of the Income Tax Act. Registration remains valid so long as the Organization continues to fulfill the requirements of the Act and regulations in respect of registered charities.

2. Significant accounting policies

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and contingent liabilities at the statement of financial position date and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Revenue recognition

Contributions

The Organization follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Restricted contributions for acquisition of capital assets, are deferred and amortized on the same basis as that on which the related assets are amortized. Unrestricted contributions (government grants and other grants) are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Other revenue

Monthly service and private pay fees are recognized in the period in which the services have been rendered.

Financial instruments

The Organization initially measures its financial assets and financial liabilities originated or exchanged in arm's length transactions at fair value. Financial assets and financial liabilities originated and exchanged in related party transactions, except for those that involve parties whose sole relationship with the Organization is in the capacity of management, are initially measured at cost.

PINE RIVER INSTITUTE
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
MARCH 31, 2023

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

The cost of a financial instrument originated or exchanged in a related party transaction depends on whether the instrument has repayment terms. The cost of a financial asset or financial liability in a related party transaction that has repayment terms is determined using its undiscounted cash flows, excluding interest and dividend payments, less any impairment losses previously recognized by the transferor. When the financial instrument does not have repayment terms, its cost is determined using the consideration transferred or received by the Organization in the transaction.

The Organization subsequently measures all of its financial assets and financial liabilities at cost or amortized cost.

Transaction costs related to financial instruments subsequently measured at fair value or to those originated or exchanged in a related party transaction are recognized in excess of revenue over expenses in the period incurred. Transaction costs related to financial instruments originated or exchanged in an arm's length transaction that are subsequently measured at cost or amortized cost are recognized in the original cost of the instrument. When the instrument is measured at amortized cost, the transaction costs are then recognized in excess of revenue over expenses over the life of the instrument using the straight-line method.

Capital assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost less accumulated amortization. Amortization is provided annually on bases designed to amortize the assets over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Equipment	-	20% declining balance
Vehicles	-	30% declining balance
Computer hardware	-	30% declining balance
Leasehold improvements	-	straight-line over the remaining term of the lease

Contributed services

The Organization would not be able to carry out its activities without the services of numerous volunteers who donate a considerable amount of time. Due to the difficulty of determining their fair value, contributed services are not recognized in the financial statements.

PINE RIVER INSTITUTE
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
MARCH 31, 2023

3. Capital assets

			2023	2022
		Accumulated	Net	Net
	Cost	Amortization	Carrying	Carrying
			Amount	Amount
Equipment	\$ 519,288	\$ 295,884	\$ 223,404	\$ 172,612
Vehicles	487,243	345,900	141,343	200,223
Computer hardware	217,392	151,646	65,746	52,702
Leasehold improvements	1,066,593	555,387	511,206	279,843
	\$ 2,290,516	\$ 1,348,817	\$ 941,699	\$ 705,380

4. Bank loan

During the year ended March 31, 2021, the Organization received a \$40,000 loan from the Government of Canada under its Canada Emergency Business Account (“CEBA”) program, which is designed to provide financial support to small businesses during the COVID-19 pandemic. The loan is interest-free, unsecured, repayable on December 31, 2023 and, if the loan is repaid on or before December 31, 2023, up to \$10,000 of the loan will be forgiven. The remaining bank loan was repaid in full during fiscal 2023.

5. Deferred contributions

Deferred contributions relate to contributions received by the Organization for the purposes of acquiring capital assets. Changes in the deferred contributions balance are as follows:

	2023	2022
Amounts received during the year	\$ 238,663	\$ -
Less: amounts recognized as revenue in the year (<i>Note 6</i>)	(17,047)	-
Deferred contributions, ending balance	\$ 221,616	\$ -

PINE RIVER INSTITUTE
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
MARCH 31, 2023

6. Revenue

Government grants

The breakdown of the amounts received are as follows. All funds received in fiscal 2023 were spent by the Organization:

	2023	2022
Annual Ministry of Health funding for beds (i)	\$ 8,597,660	\$ 6,367,492
Community Infrastructure Renewal Fund for leasehold improvements	17,047	71,888
	\$ 8,614,707	\$ 6,439,380

- (i) In April 2009, the Organization entered into an agreement with The Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care to receive annualized funding for 29 beds. In November 2021, the Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care agreed to provide annualized funding for an additional 30 beds. Amounts totaling \$459,010 was not spent in fiscal 2022 by the Organization and will be returned in the upcoming fiscal year. This amount is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

In addition to funding from The Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care, other grants received are as follows:

Other grants and other income

	2023	2022
Donations from Pine River Foundation	\$ 455,000	\$ 700,000
Other	2,918	3,458
	\$ 457,918	\$ 703,458

7. Financial instruments

The Organization regularly evaluates and manages the principal risks assumed with its financial instruments. The risks that arise from transacting in financial instruments include liquidity risk, credit risk, market risk, interest rate risk, and foreign currency risk. The following analysis provides a measure of the Organization's risk exposure and concentrations. There are no significant changes in the risk exposures from the prior period.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with its financial liabilities. The Organization is exposed to this risk mainly in respect of its accounts payable and accrued liabilities. Accounts payable are generally repaid within the credit terms.

The Organization's ability to meet its obligations depends on the continuous receipt of government funding.

PINE RIVER INSTITUTE
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
MARCH 31, 2023

7. Financial instruments (continued)

Credit risk

The Organization is exposed to credit risk with respect to accounts receivable.

The Organization assesses, on a continuous basis, accounts receivable on the basis of amounts for which ultimate collection is reasonably assured based on their estimated realizable value.

The Organization is not exposed to any significant foreign currency risk, interest rate risk or market risk at the statement of financial position date.

8. Commitments

The Organization is committed under long-term leases for premises with related and non-related parties which expire between August 2028 to August 2029. Minimum annual rentals (exclusive of requirement to pay taxes, insurance and maintenance costs) for each of the next five years and thereafter are approximately as follows:

		<i>Related party</i> <i>(Note 9)</i>	<i>Non-related</i> <i>party</i>	<i>Total</i>
Year ending March 31,	2024	\$ 130,054	\$ 71,886	\$ 201,940
	2025	130,054	74,548	204,602
	2026	130,054	74,790	204,844
	2027	130,054	63,046	193,100
	2028	113,554	22,083	135,637
	Thereafter	46,689	-	46,689
		\$ 680,459	\$ 306,353	\$ 986,812

9. Related party transactions

Pine River Foundation and the Organization are related parties as they share economic interest.

During the year ended March 31, 2023, the Organization engaged in transactions in the normal course of operations, which were measured at the agreed upon exchange amount, with this related party as follows:

	2023	2022
Donations received (Note 6)	\$ 455,000	\$ 700,000
Donations paid	\$ 727,050	\$ 1,394,940
Rent paid	\$ 128,554	\$ 99,292

At March 31, 2023, accounts receivable includes \$384,327 (2022 - \$Nil) owing from the above-noted related party.

At March 31, 2023, accounts payable and accrued liabilities includes \$Nil (2022 - \$326,632) owing to the above-noted related party.